

PROPOSED TODAY TO PROBE PRICES

Action Follows Increase to Nine Cents a Quart in Philadelphia

MAY GO TO HIGHER RATE

A resolution to investigate the milk situation will be appointed today by Governor Brumbaugh...

Philadelphia is to be the meeting place of the commission this week. Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland...

This morning's distribution of milk in the city found nine-cent milk a reality. Abbott's Alderney and the Will-Jones-McEwen dairies increased the price...

GOVERNOR'S PLANS

In announcing his plans for the milk commission, the Governor said: I shall request that they meet in Philadelphia some time during the coming week...

While the distributors in every section of this city yesterday prophesied that every dealer would be selling for nine cents...

ONE DEALER STANDS FIRM

While the distributors in every section of this city yesterday prophesied that every dealer would be selling for nine cents...

Representatives of the farmers declare that they must get the increase or go out of business. They charge the necessity for a raise in price to the high cost of fodder...

SALES MADE AT LOSS

C. Henderson Supple, head of the Supplies Alderney Dairy, is the distributor who is willing to sell for nine cents...

We distribute 40,000 quarts of milk daily and the increase or go out of business. They charge the necessity for a raise in price to the high cost of fodder...

ONE DELAYS INCREASE

Henry Hauptfuhrer, one of the largest distributors in the Northeast, through one of his sons, declared that he would not raise the price...

A REPUBLICAN PLURALITY

At the office of Edward Woolman, 4709 Lancaster avenue, it was said that nine-cent milk went into effect today. Said an official there:

The raise in price by the farmer is natural and can be laid to two things. The first is that milk producing naturally diminishes in the fall weather...

John K. Rosenberg, farm adviser to the State Agricultural Department, declares that the farmers are not getting what they have fifty to sixty per cent of the agrarians in an organization the price of milk will be fixed.

This official attributes the increase to the high cost of fodder and the shortage of pasturage. He also says that the price of condensed milk has jumped from \$20 to \$40 per ton...

UPPER MILK PRICE STANDS

QUAKERTOWN, Oct. 16.—Farmers of this county have not yet taken any definite action to increase the price of milk...

TWO KILLED IN AUTO MISHAP

Two Others Injured When Car Goes Over Embankment Near Carnegie

HEPPE PLANO CO. DECLARES DIVIDEND

The stockholders meeting of the Heppe Corporation was held at 117 Market street, Camden, today. The Heppe Plano Company declared a dividend of six per cent on the common stock.

CLUB BARTENDER HELD FOR COURT

William Kulp, of 1246 North Hartin street, a bartender at the fifty-seven room Club, at Ridge avenue and Master street, had a hearing before Magistrate Beaton at the Central Station this morning...

U. S. FACES DIPLOMATIC CRISES ON EVE OF NOVEMBER ELECTION

WITH GERMANY—Lusitania and all other indemnity propositions held up; U-boat controversy unsettled and made more dangerous by transfer of scene of activity to this side of the ocean.

WITH FRANCE AND GREAT BRITAIN—Mail protest answer defies the United States and refuses flatly to accept this Government's construction of international law.

WITH JAPAN AND RUSSIA—Later nations have protested against the granting of franchises for railroad construction by China to Americans who were willing to finance the proposition.

WITH MEXICO—The "everlasting" question of sitting on the lid while an explosion is possible at any moment and the so-called "joint conferences" fail to locate any way out.

WITH CENTRAL AMERICA—Possibilities increasing daily of difficulties with Salvador and Costa Rica growing out of the election of General Chomorro as President of Nicaragua and the ratification of the Nicaragua Canal treaty...

HUGHES TELLS FARMER HE 'PAYS FREIGHT' FOR ADAMSON 8-HOUR LAW

Nebraska Agriculturists Cheer Attack on Wilson for Surrender to Few Railroad Employes

HITS "INVISIBLE" RULE By PERRY ARNOld

HASTINGS, Neb., Oct. 16.—Charles E. Hughes today answered President Wilson's structure as to the "invisible government" and the Republican party and then struck emphatically at the Democratic Administration's failure to consider pleas of farmers for consideration prior to enactment of the Adamson eight-hour law.

"Let me say here," he remarked with a vigorous gesture, "that those who are deploring to the American public about invisible government, had better remember that I was an executive responsible in New York there was no 'invisible government' in that State."

Hughes' reference to ignoring of the right of farmers to be heard in any increase in the rate of freight rates was bound to be reflected in increased freight rates—was well received by his audience of farmers.

"I wish to say with regard to rates," he declared, "that it seems to me the farmers of the country were very little considered the other day when on the demand of the Adamson law the increased rates which a group of railroad employes were increased by hasty legislation on the demand of force."

"I do not believe in that kind of legislation. It is very much to be regretted in the interests of the great agricultural communities such as this; because, if you increase the expenses of carriers by a great increase in wages, somebody has to pay the bill."

"Now, there was a great protest at the time, but the wages were not increased. They were not represented in this discussion, if you can call it such. They were not represented in this discussion, if you can call it such. They were not represented in this discussion, if you can call it such."

WILCOX ACCUSES DEMOCRATS OF "ORGANIZED RUFFIANISM" "Disturbances at Meetings Last Resort of a Desperate Cause"

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—William R. Wilcox, national Republican chairman, declared today that the Democrats were guilty of "organized ruffianism." Mr. Wilcox mentioned the wages increase as evidence from the interruptions and disturbances at big Republican rallies all over the country that a systematic attempt is being made to discourage the voters.

"It is the last resort of a desperate cause," said the national chairman. Mr. Wilcox mentioned incidents among them some unpleasant events that he mentioned the wages increase as evidence from the interruptions and disturbances at big Republican rallies all over the country that a systematic attempt is being made to discourage the voters.

THE TRUCK DOOR When the guest is asked to "come on upstairs" he usually surmises by mistake. When, on the instant, that there is no upstairs, but this is how his ascent is negotiated.

THE MANAGER, Kent Hopkins, usually asks, "Are you a member of the club?" and if the answer is "No" he presents a small application blank, which the guest fills out, signifying not perhaps so much that he wants to go upstairs. When the blank is filled out, Hopkins says, "Step this way," and steps toward a blank wall.

THE TRUCK DOOR When the guest is asked to "come on upstairs" he usually surmises by mistake. When, on the instant, that there is no upstairs, but this is how his ascent is negotiated.

THE MANAGER, Kent Hopkins, usually asks, "Are you a member of the club?" and if the answer is "No" he presents a small application blank, which the guest fills out, signifying not perhaps so much that he wants to go upstairs. When the blank is filled out, Hopkins says, "Step this way," and steps toward a blank wall.

THE TRUCK DOOR When the guest is asked to "come on upstairs" he usually surmises by mistake. When, on the instant, that there is no upstairs, but this is how his ascent is negotiated.

THE MANAGER, Kent Hopkins, usually asks, "Are you a member of the club?" and if the answer is "No" he presents a small application blank, which the guest fills out, signifying not perhaps so much that he wants to go upstairs. When the blank is filled out, Hopkins says, "Step this way," and steps toward a blank wall.

THE TRUCK DOOR When the guest is asked to "come on upstairs" he usually surmises by mistake. When, on the instant, that there is no upstairs, but this is how his ascent is negotiated.

WILSON'S PERSONAL APPEAL FOR CASEMENT IGNORED BY ENGLAND

Secretary Tumulty So Informs Michael Francis Doyle, Who Says Fact Proves Britain's Small Regard for U. S.

NOTHING BUT MURDER A letter received today by Michael Francis Doyle from Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, disclosed, in the resultant comment, the fact that President Wilson has made a personal request to Great Britain in an effort to save the life of Roger Casement, former Irish knight, hanged for treason, and had met with a refusal.

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

MR. DOYLE'S COMMENT Mr. Doyle in his statement agrees with what Mr. Tumulty says is the case in his letter. This is Mr. Doyle's statement: "This will set at rest the allegations that the officials of our Government were not in their efforts to save the life of Sir Roger Casement."

PRINCETON PARALYSIS CASE IMPORTED; HIBBEN DENIES "QUARANTINE"

President Sets at Rest Report That University May Be Closed on Account of Death of Boy CAME FROM RESORT

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 16.—President John Grier Hibben, of Princeton University, today denied the report circulated yesterday to the effect that the university was in a state of quarantine and that there was a possibility of the university's closing its doors on account of the death of a student from infantile paralysis.

Eric Brunnon, the Princeton freshman, who died yesterday at noon, was at Bar Harbor on his vacation. He had been in New York for three days on his way to Princeton, reaching here on Saturday.

Dr. George Draper, of the Rockefeller Institute of New York, who was called into consultation with the university authorities, is of the opinion that the case was an imported one. Students of the university who were in contact with Brunnon were sent home.

Eric Brunnon was seventeen years old. He was the son of Dr. Ludovick E. Brunnon, a member of the university staff. He first reported ill to the university physician last Wednesday. His illness was considered slight at the time, but on Thursday he was sent to the university infirmary, and yesterday the disease was diagnosed as infantile paralysis.

Dr. Dinneman immediately called Dr. George Draper, of the Rockefeller Institute, from New York, and infant-paralysis serum was injected last evening, but without effect.

Hibben has been living since the beginning of the college year in a freshman dormitory. He was removed, however, to the infirmary as soon as his case became suspicious, and it is hoped, before the contagion spread.

WHAT STATE DEPARTMENT DID Tumulty made the letter public because, as he writes to Doyle, "for many weeks a futile effort has been made by politicians to make a political use of the fact that the resolution passed by the Senate with reference to the execution of Casement was not immediately forwarded to the British Government."

The State Department discussed the Casement matter with the British Ambassador on several occasions informally, but in great detail, before the passage of the Senate resolution.

The resolution was prepared on Saturday, and the Ambassador at once conveyed the information to the British Government. On Wednesday, the day before the execution, the Ambassador and I were again discussing the subject, he showing me the cable from his Government, stating that the Government had considered the Casement matter with the British Government, and had come to the conclusion that in view of all the circumstances, it could not grant clemency."

Several Hundreds of Priests and Prominent Laymen Attend Services in Cathedral at Harrisburg

PRELATE MAKES ADDRESS Knights of Columbus Participate as Escort—Reception on Program for Tonight

HARRISBURG, Oct. 16.—The Rev. Philip R. McDevitt, of Philadelphia, was installed as pastor of the Holy Trinity church of the Catholic Church shortly after noon today with simple ceremonies in St. Patrick's Cathedral. The exercises were followed by a banquet attended by several hundred priests and many prominent laymen. This evening the Knights of Columbus will give a reception in his honor.

Bishop McDevitt, aboard a special train and accompanied by priests of Philadelphia and vicinity, was met at the Union Station by Monsignor Bassett and a delegation of priests. They were taken in automobiles to the rectory, where they were met and escorted by members of the Knights of Columbus in uniform. Donning their vestments, they took up their march to the Cathedral nearby, passing through the massive portals between two rows of drawn swords held at salute in the hands of uniformed members of the Knights of Columbus.

The church was crowded as the procession passed down the aisle to music from the organ. Monsignor Bassett took the throne and the Rev. J. C. Thompson, of Steelton, was in charge as chanceller. The Rev. Dr. McDevitt delivered the opening words of welcome and David E. Tracey, of Harrisburg, spoke for the laity. Bishop McDevitt responded very briefly, thanking those who had spoken for their words of welcome, bespeaking their good will and pledging his unending efforts for the upbuilding of the church in this diocese.

The Rev. Francis J. Welsh, of Carlisle, was spokesman at the banquet, which followed immediately upon the conclusion of the installation exercises. The following responded to toasts: "Our Diocese," the Rev. A. E. S. Christ; "Our Regular Clergy," the Rev. St. Brennan; "Our Guests," the Rev. A. Meuwese.

Bishop McDevitt made the closing remarks during the afternoon hours, called to pay their respects and the reception this evening will not be sectarian.

WASHINGTON PARTY MEN Withdraw HARRISBURG, Oct. 16.—Four candidates for the General Assembly from the Washington Party ticket withdrew their names at the State Department. They are William Venango, W. B. Garbhart, Montour, and H. M. Lamb, Washington.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

DEATHS KING—Suddenly, Oct. 16, JAMES KING, 31-year-old, died of pneumonia at the Federal hospital. He had been in the hospital for several days. He was a member of the United States Army.

TWO BIG PROBLEMS CONFRONT EPISCOPAL GENERAL CONVENTION

Revision of Book of Common Prayer and Establishment of Negro Dioceses to Be Considered

"INFIDELS AND HERETICS" ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 16.—The General Convention of the Episcopal Church here entered today upon the consideration of the two general problems which promise to provoke as much heated debate and international discussion as did the matter of marrying divorced persons, which provided the last week.

The House of Deputies went into session at 11 o'clock to consider these two problems. A proposal to revise the prayer book, which includes the abbreviation of the Ten Commandments and the classification of Jews with "Turks, infidels and heretics" as enemies of the Church. One wing of the convention is strongly urging the adoption of this proposal. Another wing is bitterly opposing it, and some warm sessions are expected.

A proposal to create negro dioceses and remove negro parishes from the white episcopate. It is the South against the North on this problem, and like the other it promises to provoke considerable turmoil.

Bishop William Lawrence reported to the Houses of Bishops and Deputies today that he had raised one-third of the \$5,000,000 for church pension fund.

WILLIAM FREDERICKS Superintendent of the Manwaring-Cummins Construction Company, who was killed Saturday afternoon at Uniontown, Pa., when he was struck by a swinging car, was brought to his home, at 111 East Duval street, Germantown, today.

"DRYS" AT PENNSGROVE OPEN BATTLE IN COURT ON LIQUOR LICENSES

Five Applicants for Permits at Powder Town Face Strenuous Opposition—Sites Near Camp-Meeting House

SALEM, N. J., Oct. 16.—Judge Edward C. Waddington today heard the applications for wholesale liquor, inn and tavern licenses in Pennsgrove borough and upper Penn's Neck township, Salem County.

The attendance in court was far larger than at the date when Colonel Joseph G. French lost his liquor-selling privilege for the hotel at Pennsgrove, which had been licensed for nearly half a century. The matter has excited the greatest public interest in all parts of the State.

There are five applications before the Court: H. J. Green and W. W. Hogan, for inn and tavern licenses, and Charles Wasman, Joseph Giordano and Alpine Lucas, for wholesale liquor licenses. Remonstrances were filed against each.

The applicants are represented by Judge Robert Hudspeth, of Hudson County; Thomas G. Hilliard and Henry Burt Ware, of Salem. Judge Hudspeth, however, was not in court today. The remonstrants have as counsel former Judge Clarence Cole, of Atlantic County; J. S. Gravelle, of Camden; former Prosecutor J. F. Sinnickson, of Salem, and S. Rusting Leap, of Bridgeton.

The remonstrances all declare liquor licenses unnecessary. The places sought to be licensed are within one mile of the entrance of the Camp Meeting Association and in close proximity to the plants of the du Pont Powder Company.

It is also charged that the applicants are not fit persons to exercise a license. At the opening of court this morning an effort was made to have the matter go over for one week, because of the absence of Judge Hudspeth, but this was vigorously fought by counsel for the remonstrants.

Considerable argument ensued, with the result that the court ruled that the case would be moved. It was hinted by Attorney Hilliard that the purpose of the Camp Meeting Association would be to force the case on this point that Judge Hudspeth would direct his special attention. There is an abundance of evidence to be produced and the witnesses will number almost a hundred.

There is much anxiety among some of the witnesses because they have signed articles declaring that the applicants are not fit persons to exercise a license and they would like to have had their names withdrawn, but it was impossible.

The Green application is the first being considered. There were two petitions filed, one on September 18 and another on September 19 and jurisdiction of the court to hear this case is being attacked because the second application was not filed until 10 o'clock on the evening of September 18 and then with the county clerk and not with the court in open session on the opening day of the term as the statute provides.

The Court ruled that he had no jurisdiction to act or grant a license under the papers filed September 18. Motion was then made to dismiss the first application because by filing the second the applicant waived his right to be heard and the filing of the second paper makes the first null and void. The Court overruled the motion.

ONE-DAY OUTINGS FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea

FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea

FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea

FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea

FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea

FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea

FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea

FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea

FROM MARKET STREET WHARF \$1.00 Atlantic City Wildwood Angelsea